

Chanysheva H.I.,
Doctor of Law Sciences, Professor
Chanyshev R.I.,
Candidate of Law Sciences, Associate Professor

REALIZATION OF THE RIGHT FOR INFORMATION BY THE SUBJECTS OF COLLECTIVE LABOUR RELATIONS

One of the current problems of modern science employment law nowadays is to develop of effective mechanism for the industry to ensure the right to information workers and employers and their representatives. The right to information under the labor laws of Ukraine has been the subject of research in the scientific writings national scientists only in recent years.

The right to information under the labor laws of Ukraine is both individual and collective labor law. As subjective labor law is part of the contents of individual and collective labor relations. The subjects of individual employment rights to information is an employee and employer, and subject to collective labor law information – labor groups, trade unions, their associations, the primary trade union organizations (in a case of their absence – representatives of employees), employers, organizations employers and their associations, bodies of social dialogue bodies dealing with labor disputes, government supervision and control over compliance with labor laws

and executive authorities, local self-government.

The aim of this article is to study the mechanism of the right to information subjects of collective labor relations and suggestions for its improvement.

In collective labor relations right to information is implemented as a collective labor law. That is under Art. 28 Law of Ukraine “On Trade Unions, Their Rights and Guarantees” right of trade unions and their associations for information on labor and socio-economic development. According to the first paragraph of mentioned article labour unions, their associations are entitled to receive free information from employers or their associations, public authorities and local self-government in matters relating to labor and socio-economic rights and interests of its members and information on the operating results of companies, institutions or organizations. An important provision of the first paragraph of Art. 28 is to establish a deadline for providing such information not later five days.